

MILITARY AFFAIRS

Porkoláb, Imre

Changing warfare through defense innovation?

ABSTRACT:

In this article the central thesis is that innovation is the new strategic driver in the contemporary security environment. The author analyzes this issue from the American strategic perspective. Based on his analysis of the new third offset strategy and its practical applications he concludes that innovation indeed is a central aspect in future warfare. Those organizations who are able to adapt faster and out-innovate the opposition will enjoy a significant strategic advantage.

KEY WORDS:

Innovation, offset-strategy, adaptation, procurement, experimentation

SECURITY POLICY

Kis-Benedek, József

Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant (ISIL)
and the tendencies of the fight against it

ABSTRACT:

The Iraqi and Syrian crisis will dominate the international and European agenda for several years. The aims of great powers and coalition partners are different; the existing measures of the international institutions handling the conflict are not effective at all while religiously motivated extremist movements have been spreading in the world. The essay analyses the causes and circumstances of the rising of ISIL, the role of the main participants in the handling of the crisis, and the fight against the ISIL.

KEY WORDS:

ISIL; Syria; Iraq; Middle East; terrorism.

MILITARY LAW

Bódi, Stefánia – Szuhai, Ilona

Clash of civilization? Analysis of the migratory crisis situation
and the special legal order

ABSTRACT:

Last year an extraordinary migratory situation, a never seen migratory pressure appeared in Hungary. Following the governmental measures, currently, the migratory flow avoids the country and the number of illegal border crossings, as well as, the asylum-seekers has been reduced. Though, according to the forecasts the volume of migration will not be lower this year, it will be rather higher. The study analyses the new category of crisis situation caused by mass immigration, and draws attention to the special situations which differ from normal functions.

KEY WORDS:

migratory crisis situation; special legal order; refugee crisis; governmental measures.

POLICING AND PROTECTION AGAINST DISASTER

Zellei, Gábor

The international martial legal regulation towards the protection of the civil population in the tract of the First World War

ABSTRACT:

The author wakes the pre hundred years international martial law environment, when the nation was going to Great War. He shows, how was taken the Hague restrictive laws into the Hungarian rule of law, with this details the parts of the protection of the population. The second part of the article shows the multitudinous violation of these rules in the First World War. The author tax: the failing international contracts forced the nations to establish their own civil protection between two world wars.

KEY WORDS:

First World War; civil protection; passive air defence; martial law.

Plébán, J. Kristóf

The framework of the local voluntary rescue teams

ABSTRACT:

The volunteers, the utilisation of the own resources, and expertise in favour of a community provide considerable added value in all activities. The application of the voluntary rescue teams undertaking a role on the area of the catastrophe does not substitute the intervention of professional organisations, but they can complement it with the special equipment and expertise, so their necessity is unquestionable. The efficiency of cooperation between the professional and voluntary organisations is ensured by the regulation of a requirement level, which underpins the training and the certification procedure. In this publication, the author considers the realisation of this certification method on local level, with the summary of the relevant literature of the topic.

KEYWORDS:

voluntary civil protection; self-catering citizenship; qualification exercise; INSARAG

Fórizs, Sándor

Extraordinary events in the mine fields supervised by the Border Guard at the Austrian–Hungarian state border (1949–51)

ABSTRACT:

A technical barrier (an electric fence with barbed wire) and mine fields were employed along the Austrian border in Hungary from 1949 until 1970, except for a short period of time. Based on the material related to the Border Guard and accessible in the National Archives of Hungary, the paper presents typical events from the early period of its existence. The author describes the structure of the technical barrier, the contemporary methods of border surveillance and the ways the extraordinary events were managed. The impact that this extremely drastic instrument had on the lives of the local residents, the border guard soldiers and on the relationship of the two neighbouring countries is also shown. In some of the reports we can follow tragic stories as they unfolded from the mine field to hospital.

KEYWORDS:

state border; technical barrier; mine field; mine planting; signalling device; explosion; investigation; on-scene investigation; border violation; track.